

## **When Does the Bag of Waters Break?**

### **What Is My Bag of Waters?**

The bag of waters—or amniotic sac—is the bag filled with fluid that your baby lives in inside of your uterus during pregnancy. The bag of waters is very important to your baby's health. The bag itself protects your baby from infections that may get into your vagina, and the fluid gives your baby room to move around.

### **When Does the Bag of Waters Usually Break?**

Usually the bag of waters breaks just before you go into labor or during the early part of labor. It happens often when you are in bed sleeping. You may wake up and think you have wet the bed. Sometimes women feel or even hear a small “pop” when the bag breaks. Sometimes there is a gush of fluid from the vagina that makes your underwear wet; or maybe just a trickle that makes you feel damp. Sometimes the bag does not break until the baby is being born. In about 1 in every 10 women, the bag of waters breaks several hours before labor starts. Although rare, the bag of waters can break days before labor starts.

### **Is It a Problem if the Bag Breaks and the Labor Does Not Start Right Away?**

Labor contractions can start any time from right away to many hours or a few days after your water breaks. If you think your bag of waters has broken, call your health care provider. Your provider will recommend either waiting to let your labor start on its own or inducing your labor right away. You can discuss the pros and cons of each of these options with your health care provider. If you have a bacteria, such as Group B Strep in your vagina, your health care provider may want to give you antibiotics or get your labor started (induction). The longer the bag of waters is broken before birth, the more chance there is that infection will get to the baby.

### **What Should I Do if My Bag Does Break?**

If you think your bag of waters has broken, your health care provider might check in your vagina with a sterile speculum to find out for sure. Except for that one examination, it is very important that nothing is put in your vagina (no intercourse). Every time you have a vaginal examination after the bag of waters is broken, your risk of getting an infection gets higher. You can help protect yourself and your baby by asking your care providers to only do vaginal examinations when absolutely necessary.

### **What Should I Do if I Feel “Wet” but I’m Not Sure the Bag of Waters Has Broken?**

- Put a small pad on to see if the pad collects more fluid. If you walk around for about an hour, you should continue to leak and feel wet. Usually, you continue to leak fluid until your baby is born.
- Your health care provider can do a simple test using a sterile speculum to see inside your vagina. A sample of the fluid in the vagina will be collected and placed on special paper that turns very dark blue if it touches amniotic fluid. Amniotic fluid also looks a certain way when examined under the microscope.

### **When Should I Call My Health Care Provider?**

#### **Call your health care provider right away if:**

- Your due date is more than 3 weeks away from today

- The water is green, or yellow, or brown, or has a bad smell
- You do not feel your baby move afterwards
- You have a history of genital herpes, whether or not you have any herpes sores right now
- You are “Group B Strep (GBS) positive” or have a history of having a baby infected with GBS
- You don’t know if you have GBS or not
- Your baby is not in the head-down position, or you’ve been told it is very high in your pelvis
- You have had a very quick labor in the past, or feel rectal pressure now
- You are worried or discouraged

**Call your health care provider within a few hours if:**

- Your due date is within the next 3 weeks and
- You are not in labor and
- The fluid is clear, pink, or has white flecks in it and
- Your baby is moving and
- Your baby is in the head-down position

**What Do I Do Until Labor Starts?**

Most women will go into labor within 48 hours. If you are waiting for labor to start and your bag of waters has broken, call your health care provider to check-in first and let him/her know your water has broken. Then:

- Put on a clean pad
- Do not put anything in your vagina
- Drink plenty of liquids—a cup of water or juice each hour you are awake
- Get some rest
- Take a shower or bath
- If there is any change in your baby’s movements, call your health care provider right away
- Check your temperature with a thermometer every 4 hours—call right away if your temperature goes above 99.6